



Percents

Based on power point presentations by Pearson Education, Inc.
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Learning Objectives

1. Memorize the definition of percent.
2. Add and remove the percent symbol.
3. Solve simple percent problems.

1. The Definition of Percent

The symbol % means **percents**. It is sometimes written instead of the fraction

$$\frac{1}{100} .$$

That is, $1\% = 1 \cdot \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{100} .$

2. Add and Remove the Percent Symbol

Sometimes we want to use the percent symbol % and sometimes we don't. Depending on what you need, following are the procedures for adding and removing a percent symbol.

Add a percent symbol:

Multiply a given number by 100 and add the percent symbol.

If possible,

- write as a mixed number using fractions or decimals
- reduce fractions to lowest terms

Remove a percent symbol:

Divide the numeric portion of a given percent by 100 and drop the percent symbol.

If possible,

- write as a mixed number using fractions or decimals
- reduce fractions to lowest terms

Example 1: Add a Percent Symbol

Express $\frac{3}{8}$ as a percent in fraction and in decimal form.

Multiply the number by 100 and add the percent symbol.

$$\frac{3}{8}(100)\% = \frac{300}{8}\%$$

We must now write the result as a mixed number with any fractions reduced to lowest terms. Use the calculator liberally!

In fraction form: $37\frac{1}{2}\%$

In decimal form: 37.5%

Example 2: Add a Percent Symbol

Express $\frac{1}{6}$ as a percent in fraction and in decimal form.

Multiply the number by 100 and add the percent symbol.

$$\frac{1}{6}(100) = \frac{100}{6} \%$$

We must now write the result as a mixed number with any fractions reduced to lowest terms. Use the calculator liberally!

In fraction form: $16\frac{4}{6} \% = 16\frac{2}{3} \%$

In decimal form: $16.\bar{6} \%$ (remember, $0.666666\dots$ is written as $0.\bar{6}$)

Example 3: Add a Percent Symbol

- a. Express 0.4 as a percent.

Multiply the number by 100 and add the percent symbol.

$$0.4(100)\% = 40\%$$

Nothing else needs to be done.

- b. Express 3.4 as a percent.

Multiply the number by 100 and add the percent symbol.

$$3.4(100)\% = 340\%$$

Nothing else needs to be done.

Example 4: Remove a Percent Symbol

Express 75% without a percent and write this number in fraction and in decimal form.

Divide the number portion by 100 and drop the percent symbol.

$$\frac{75}{100}$$

We must now write the result with the fraction reduced to lowest terms. Use the calculator liberally!

In fraction form: $\frac{75}{100} = \frac{3}{4}$

In decimal form: 0.75 (divide 75 by 100)

Example 5: Remove a Percent Symbol

Express 23.4% without a percent and write this number in fraction and in decimal form.

Divide the numeric portion by 100 and drop the percent symbol.

$$\frac{23.4}{100}$$

We must now write the result with the fraction reduced to lowest terms. Use the calculator liberally!

$$\text{In fraction form: } \frac{23.4}{100} \cdot \frac{10}{10} = \frac{234}{1000} = \frac{117}{500}$$

In decimal form: 0.234 (divide 23.4 by 100)

Example 6: Remove a Percent Symbol

Express 115% without a percent and write this number in fraction and in decimal form.

Divide the numeric portion by 100 and drop the percent symbol.

$$\frac{115}{100}$$

We must now write the result as a mixed number with any fractions reduced to lowest terms. Use the calculator liberally!

In fraction form: $1\frac{15}{100} = 1\frac{3}{20}$

In decimal form: 1.15 (divide 115 by 100)

Example 7: Remove a Percent Symbol

Express 300% without a percent.

Divide the numeric portion by 100 and drop the percent symbol.

$$\frac{300}{100} = 3$$

Nothing else needs to be done.

3. Simple Percent Problems

Many applications involving percents are based on the following formula:

$A = P \cdot B$, where

A - is the number resulting of a percent applied to some (base) amount

P - is a percent expressed as a decimal

B - is the number to which a percent is applied.

Example 8: Application using Percent

What number is 10% of 388?

Let's insert the given information into the formula $A = P \cdot B$.

Given are $P = 10\% = 0.1$ and $B = 388$. The number we are asked to find is A .

Then $A = 0.1(388) = 38.8$.

Please note that the word "of" in the question is replaced by the multiplication symbol \cdot in the formula. Remember that the multiplication symbol can then be replaced by a set of parentheses.

We find that the number we are looking for is **38.8** which is 10% of 388.

Example 9: Application using Percent (1 of 2)

What percent is 150 of 30?

Let's insert the given information into the formula $A = P \cdot B$.

Given are $A = 30$ and $B = 150$. The number we are asked to find is P .

Then $30 = P(150)$.

Please again note that the word "of" in the question is replaced by the multiplication symbol \cdot in the formula.

Example 9: Application using Percent (2 of 2)

We must now isolate P , and we do so by dividing both sides of the equality by its coefficient. Let's give the answer in decimal form.

$$\frac{30}{150} = 0.2$$

Since we are asked to find a percent, we need to change the decimal to percent form by multiplying by 100 and adding a % symbol. If necessary, use a calculator.

We find that the percent we are looking for is **20**. That is, 20% of 150 equals 30.

Example 10: Application using Percent (1 of 2)

60 is 30% of what number?

Let's insert the given information into the formula $A = P \cdot B$.

Given are $P = 30\% = 0.3$ and $A = 60$. The number we are asked to find is B .

Then $60 = 0.3B$.

Please again note that the word "of" in the question is replaced by the multiplication symbol \cdot in the formula.

Example 10: Application using Percent (2 of 2)

We must now isolate ***B***, and we do so by dividing both sides of the equality by its coefficient. Let's give the answer in decimal form.

$$\frac{60}{0.3} = 200$$

We find that the number we are looking for is 200. That is, if we take 30% of 200, we end up with 60.

Example 11: Application using Percent

A certain automobile cooling system has a capacity of 6 gallons of fluid. To give protection to -10° Fahrenheit, 40% of the cooling system capacity must be antifreeze. How many gallons of antifreeze should be used?

Let's insert the given information into the formula $A = P \cdot B$.

We are told that $P = 40\% = 0.4$ and $B = 6$. The number we are asked to find is A .

$$A = 0.4(6) = 2.4$$

2.4 gallons of antifreeze must be used for the automobile to be protected to -10° F.

Example 12: Application using Percent

A patient's medication was increased by 32.5 mg or 10% per day. How many mg did the patient get on the day before the increase?

Let's insert the given information into the formula $A = P \times B$.

We are told that $P = 10\%$ and $A = 32.5$. The number we are asked to find is B .

$$32.5 = 0.1B$$

We must now isolate B , and we do so by dividing both sides of the equality by its coefficient. Let's give the answer in decimal form.

$$\frac{32.5}{0.1} = 325$$

The patient received 325 mg the day before the increase of the medication.