# Examples Percents

Based on power point presentations by Pearson Education, Inc. Revised by Ingrid Stewart, Ph.D.

#### Learning Objectives

- 1. Memorize the definition of percent.
- 2. Add and remove the percent symbol.
- 3. Solve simple percent problems.

#### Example 1: Add a Percent Symbol

Express  $\frac{3}{8}$  as a percent in decimal form.

Multiply the number by 100 and add the percent symbol.

 $\frac{3}{8}(100)\% = \frac{300}{8}\%$ 

We must now write the result in decimal form.

Dividing 300 by 8 using the calculator, we get 37.5 %

#### Example 2: Add a Percent Symbol

Express  $\frac{1}{6}$  as a percent in decimal form.

Multiply the number by 100 and add the percent symbol.

 $\frac{1}{6}(100) = \frac{100}{6}\%$ 

We must now write the result in decimal form.

Dividing 100 by 6 using the calculator, we get 16.66666666... %. Since 6 is repeating, we can write this as  $16.\overline{6}$  %.

#### Example 3: Add a Percent Symbol

a. Express 0.7 as a percent.

Multiply the number by 100 and add the percent symbol. 0.7(100)% = 70% Nothing else needs to be done.

b. Express 3.4 as a percent.

Multiply the number by 100 and add the percent symbol. 3.4(100)% = 340% Nothing else needs to be done.

#### Example 4: Remove a Percent Symbol

Express 23.4% without a percent and write this number in fraction and in decimal form.

Divide the numeric portion by 100 and drop the percent symbol.

<u>23.4</u> 100

To achieve fraction form, we eliminate the decimal point in the numerator and reduce the fraction.

 $\frac{23.4}{100} \cdot \frac{10}{10} = \frac{234}{1000} = \frac{117}{500}$ 

To achieve decimal form, we divide 117 by 500 to get 0.234.

#### Example 5: Remove a Percent Symbol

Express 115% without a percent and write this number in fraction and in decimal form.

Divide the numeric portion by 100 and drop the percent symbol.

<u>115</u> 100

This is already in fraction form, but we must reduce to lowest terms. We get  $\frac{23}{20}$ .

To achieve decimal form, we divide 23 by 20 to get 1.15.

#### Example 6: Remove a Percent Symbol

Express 300% without a percent.

Divide the numeric portion by 100 and drop the percent symbol.

 $\frac{300}{100} = 3$ 

Nothing else needs to be done.

#### Example 7: Application using Percent

What number is 10% of 388?

Let's insert the given information into the formula *A* = *PB*.

Given are the base B = 388 and the percent P = 10% = 0.1. Remember, the percent must be expressed as a decimal. The number we are asked to find is A, the amount resulting when the percent is applied to the base.

Please note that the word "of" in the question is replaced by the multiplication in the formula.

Then **A** = 0.1(388) = 38.8. Remember, the multiplication symbol can be replaced by a set of parentheses.

We find that **38.8** is the amount resulting when 10% is applied to 388.

Example 8: Application using Percent (1 of 2)

What percent is 30 of 150?

Let's insert the given information into the formula A = PB.

Given are the amount resulting when the percent is applied A = 30 and the base B = 150. The number we are asked to find is P, the percent.

Please note that the word "of" in the question is replaced by the multiplication in the formula.

Then **30 = P(150)**.

We must now solve a little linear equation for **P**. Dividing both sides by 150, we get

$$P=\frac{30}{150}$$

#### Example 8: Application using Percent (2 of 2)

This fraction needs to be reduced to lowest terms. We find

$$P=\frac{1}{5}$$

Since we are asked to find a percent, we need to change the fraction to percent form by multiplying by 100 and adding a % symbol. If necessary, use a calculator.

$$P = \frac{1}{5} \cdot 100\% = 20\%$$

We find that 30 is **20%** of 150.

#### Example 9: Application using Percent (1 of 2)

60 is 30% of what number?

Let's insert the given information into the formula A = PB.

Given are the amount resulting hen the percent is applied A = 60 and the percent P = 30% = 0.3. Remember, the percent must be expressed as a decimal. The number we are asked to find is B, the base.

Please note that the word "of" in the question is replaced by the multiplication in the formula.

Then *60 = 0.3B*.

### Example 9: Application using Percent (2 of 2)

We must now solve a little linear equation for **B**. Dividing both sides by 0.3, we get

$$B=\frac{60}{0.3}$$

We notice that a straight-forward division results in 200. That is,

#### *B* = 200

We find that 30% of **200** is 60.

### Example 10: Application using Percent

A certain automobile cooling system has a capacity of 6 gallons of fluid. To give protection to  $-10^{\circ}$  Fahrenheit, 40% of the cooling system capacity must be antifreeze. How many gallons of antifreeze should be used? Express the answer as a decimal, if necessary.

Let's insert the given information into the formula **A** = **PB**.

Give are the percent P = 40% = 0.4 and the base B = 6. The number we are asked to find is A, the amount resulting when the percent is applied to the base.

**A** = 0.4(6) = 2.4. Remember, the multiplication symbol can be replaced by a set of parentheses.

We find that **2.4** gallons of antifreeze must be used for the automobile to be protected to  $-10^{\circ}$  F.

## Example 11: Application using Percent

A patient's medication was increased by 32.5 mg or 10% per day. How many mg did the patient get on the day before the increase? Express the answer as a decimal, if necessary.

Let's insert the given information into the formula **A** = **PB**.

Given are the percent P = 10% and the amount resulting when the percent is applied to the base A = 32.5. The number we are asked to find is the base B.

#### 32.5 = 0.1B

We must now solve a little linear equation for **B**. Dividing both sides by 0.1, we get

$$B = \frac{32.5}{0.1} = 325$$
 (using the calculator)

We find that the patient received **325** mg the day before the increase of the medication.