## Concepts Percents

Based on power point presentations by Pearson Education, Inc. Revised by Ingrid Stewart, Ph.D.

Learning Objectives

1. Memorize the definition of percent.
2. Add and remove the percent symbol.
3. Solve simple percent problems.

NOTE: This lesson contains some examples. You can find more examples in the "Examples" document also located in the appropriate MOM Learning Materials folder.

## 1. The Definition of Percent

The symbol \% means percents. It is sometimes written instead of the fraction $\frac{1}{100}$.

That is, $1 \%=1 \cdot \frac{1}{100}=\frac{1}{100}$.

## 2. Add and Remove the Percent Symbol (1 of 2)

Sometimes we want to use the percent symbol $\%$ and sometimes we don't.
Depending on what you need, following are the procedures for adding and removing a percent symbol.

## Add a percent symbol to a number:

Multiply a given number by 100 and add the percent symbol. You might be asked to express your answer in decimal form or as a reduced fraction.

Example 1:
Express 0.4 as a percent.
Multiply the number by 100 and add the percent symbol.
0.4(100)\% = 40\%

Nothing else needs to be done.

## Add and Remove the Percent Symbol (2 of 2)

## Remove the symbol from a percent:

Divide the number portion of a given percent by 100 and drop the percent symbol. You might be asked to express your answer in decimal form or as a reduced fraction.

## Example 2:

Express $75 \%$ without a percent symbol.
Divide the number portion by 100 and drop the percent symbol.

$$
\frac{75}{100}=\frac{3}{4}
$$

We find that $75 \%$ equals ${ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ in fraction form.
In decimal form it equals 0.75 (divide 3 by 4 ) using a calculator!

## 3. Simple Percent Problems (1 of 2)

Many applications involving percents are based on the following formula:
$\boldsymbol{A}=\boldsymbol{P} \cdot \boldsymbol{B}(\boldsymbol{P}$ times $\boldsymbol{B}$ or simply $\boldsymbol{P B})$ where
$\boldsymbol{A}$ - is the amount resulting when a percent is applied to some base (amount)
$\boldsymbol{P}$ - is a percent expressed as a decimal
$\boldsymbol{B}$ - is the base (amount) to which a percent is applied.

## Simple Percent Problems (2 of 2)

## Example 3:

What number is $20 \%$ of 225 ?

Let's insert the given information into the formula $\boldsymbol{A}=\boldsymbol{P B}$.
Given are the base $\boldsymbol{B}=\mathbf{2 2 5}$ and the percent $\boldsymbol{P}=\mathbf{2 0 \%} \mathbf{= 0 . 2}$. Remember, the percent must be expressed as a decimal. The number we are asked to find is $\boldsymbol{A}$, the amount resulting when the percent is applied to the base.

Please note that the word "of" in the question is replaced by the multiplication in the formula.

Then $\boldsymbol{A}=\mathbf{0 . 2 ( 2 2 5 )} \mathbf{= 4 5}$. Remember, the multiplication symbol can be replaced by a set of parentheses.

We find that 45 is the amount resulting when $20 \%$ is applied to 225.

