

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \int_2^3 \frac{1}{dx} dy$$

INDEFINITE INTEGRALS AND ANTIDERIVATIVES OF SOME TRANSCENDENTAL FUNCTIONS

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Problem 1:

Find the antiderivative for $\int \frac{3x^4 - 2x^3 + x^2 - 1}{3x^2} dx$.

Problem 2:

Integrate $\int 2(5^x) dx$. Note that "integrate" actually means to find the antiderivative for the function $f(x) = 2(5^x)$!!!

Problem 3:

Evaluate $\int \frac{1}{4 \sec x} dx$. Note that "evaluate" actually means to find the antiderivative for the function $f(x) = \frac{1}{4 \sec x}$!!!

Problem 4:

Evaluate $\int \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} dx$.

Problem 5:

Evaluate $\int \frac{\tan z}{\cos z} dz$.

Problem 6:

Evaluate $\int \frac{\sin^2 v}{1 - \sin^2 v} dv$.

Problem 7:

Evaluate $\int (4 + 4 \tan^2 x) dx$

Problem 8:

Evaluate $\int \frac{\csc \theta \cos \theta}{\sin \theta} d\theta$

Problem 9:

Evaluate $\int \sec y (\tan y - \sec y) dy$

Problem 10:

Evaluate $\int (\tan x - \sec x)^2 dx$

Problem 11:

Evaluate $\int (1 + \cot^2 x) dx$

Problem 12:

Solve the differential equation $f'(x) = \csc x \cot x + x$ subject to the initial condition $f\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = -1$.

Problem 13:

Solve the differential equation $f''(x) = 2 \cos x - 5 \sin x$ subject to the initial conditions $f'(\pi) = 3$ and $f(\pi) = 2 + 6\pi$.

Problem 14:

Evaluate $\int 4 \cos 4x dx$

Problem 15:

Evaluate $\int 8 \cos 4x \, dx$

Problem 16:

Evaluate $\int \frac{1}{2} \cos 4x \, dx$

Problem 17:

Evaluate $\int \cos 4x \, dx$

Problem 18:

Evaluate $\int 2x \cos 4x \, dx$

Problem 19:

Evaluate $\int \frac{1}{\sin(1-3x)\tan(1-3x)} \, dx$

Problem 20:

Evaluate $\int 7 \sec 8x \tan 8x \, dx$

Problem 21:

Evaluate $\int \cot^2\left(\frac{x}{3}\right) \, dx$

Problem 22:

Evaluate $\int \frac{\sec 2x}{\cos 2x} \, dx$

Problem 23:

Evaluate $\int 3e^{3x+1} \, dx$

Problem 24:

$$\int 5xe^{-x^2} dx$$

Evaluate

SOLUTIONS

You can find detailed solutions below the link for this problem set!

1. $F(x) = \frac{1}{x}x^3 - \frac{1}{3}x^2 - \frac{1}{3}\ln x + \frac{1}{3}x^{-1} + C$	2. $F(x) = \frac{2(5^x)}{\ln 5} + C$
3. $F(x) = \frac{1}{4}\sin x + C$	4. $F(x) = -\cot x + C$
5. $F(z) = \sec z + C$	6. $F(v) = \tan v - v + C$
7. $F(x) = 4\tan x + C$	8. $F(\theta) = -\csc \theta + C$
9. $F(y) = \sec y - \tan y + C$	10. $F(x) = 2\tan x - 2\sec x - x$
11. $F(x) = -\cot x + C$	12. $f(x) = -\csc x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{\pi^2}{8}$
13. $f(x) = -2\cos x + 5\sin x + 8x - 2\pi$	14. $F(x) = \sin 4x + C$
15. $F(x) = 2\sin 4x + C$	16. $F(x) = \frac{1}{8}\sin 4x + C$
17. $F(x) = \frac{1}{4}\sin 4x + C$	18. Evaluation (integration) or finding an antiderivative is beyond the scope of this course.
19. $F(x) = \frac{1}{3}\csc(1 - 3x) + C$	20. $F(x) = \frac{7}{8}\sec 8x + C$
21. $F(x) = -3\cot\left(\frac{x}{3}\right) - x + C$	22. $F(x) = \frac{1}{2}\tan 2x + C$
23. $F(x) = e^{3x+1} + C$	24. $F(x) = -\frac{5}{2}e^{-x^2} + C$

