

# PROBLEMS AND SOLUTIONS - INEQUALITIES

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Please Send Questions and Comments to ingrid.stewart@csn.edu. Thank you!

PLEASE NOTE THAT YOU CANNOT USE A CALCULATOR ON THE ACCUPLACER - ELEMENTARY ALGEBRA TEST! YOU MUST BE ABLE TO DO THE FOLLOWING PROBLEMS WITHOUT A CALCULATOR!

## **Problem 1:**

Find the solution set for  $3-5x \ge 13$  in *Interval Notation*. Then graph the solution set on the number line!

## Problem 2:

Find the solution set for  $6x - 15 \ge 3$  in *Interval Notation*. Then graph the solution set on the number line!

## **Problem 3:**

Find the solution set for x - 9 < 5x + 7 in *Interval Notation*. Then graph the solution set on the number line!

## **Problem 4:**

Find the solution set for  $-2 < 5x + 1 \le 3$  in *Interval Notation*. Then graph the solution set on the number line!

## **Problem 5:**

Find the solution set for  $\frac{3}{4} - x > \frac{7}{8}$  in *Interval Notation*. Then graph the solution set on the number line!

### **Problem 6:**

Find the solution set for 3x + 2(4 - 9x) - 3(x - 3) + x < 0 in Interval Notation.

#### **Problem 7:**

Find the solution set for  $7 - (x - 8) \le 4x$  in *Interval Notation*.

## **Problem 8:**

 $\frac{2}{3} \leq \frac{5-3x}{2} < \frac{3}{4} \text{ in } \textit{Interval Notation}.$ 

## **Problem 9:**

Find the solution set for  $|\mathbf{X} - \mathbf{1}| < \mathbf{5}$  in *Interval Notation*. Then graph the solution set on the number line!

#### Problem 10:

Find the solution set for  $3|4-2x| \le 6$  in *Interval Notation*. Then graph the solution set on the number line!

## Problem 11:

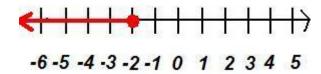
Find the solution set for |5x + 4| > 1 in *Interval Notation*. Then graph the solution set on the number line!

#### **Problem 12:**

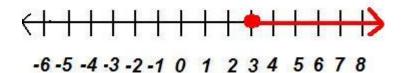
Find the solution set for  $|2x-1| \ge 3$  in *Interval Notation*. Then graph the solution set on the number line!

## **SOLUTIONS**

You can find detailed solutions below the link for this problem set!



2. a. [3, 🗠)

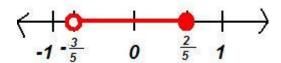


3. (-4, °°)

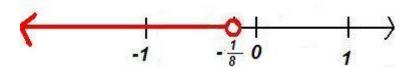


-6-5-4-3-2-10 1 2 3 4 5

 $\left(-\frac{3}{5}, \frac{2}{5}\right]$ 



5.  $\left(-\cos_{1}-\frac{1}{8}\right)$ 

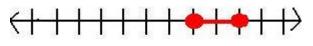


- 6. (1, ∞)
- 7. [3, °°)
- $\left[\frac{7}{6}, \frac{11}{9}\right]$
- 9. (-4, 6)



-6-5-4-3-2-10 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

10. [1, 3]



-6-5-4-3-2-10 1 2 3 4 5

11. 
$$(-\infty, -1) \cup \left(-\frac{3}{5}, \infty\right)$$

